

SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS  
(Corrections, Additions, & Revisions to Standard Specifications - November 2014)

**SECTION 101**  
**CONTRACT INTERPRETATION**

101.2 Definitions

Page 1-5 – Remove the definition of Bridge in its entirety and replace with:

**“Bridge A structure that is erected over a depression or an obstruction, such as water, a highway or a railway, and has an opening measured along the centerline of the Roadway of more than 20 feet between: The faces of abutments; spring line of arches; extreme ends of openings of box culverts, pipes or pipe arches; or the extreme ends of openings for multiple box culverts, pipes or pipe arches.”**

Page 1-12 – Remove the definition of Large Culvert in its entirety and replace with:

**“Large Culvert Any structure not defined as a Culvert or Bridge that provides a drainage or non-drainage opening under the Roadway or Approaches to the Roadway, with an opening that is 5 feet but less than 10 feet.”**

Remove the definition of Minor Span in its entirety and replace with:

**“Minor Span Same definition as Bridge, except having an opening of between 10 feet and 20 feet, inclusive.”**

**SECTION 104**  
**GENERAL RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES**

104.4.4 Coordination of Road Closure / Bridge Closure / Bridge Width Restrictions

Revise the last sentence by adding a period after ‘Resident’; remove the “and” after Resident; and adding “**not covered by Pay Items**” between ‘costs’ and ‘will’. So that the last paragraph reads “**All Newspaper notices, radio announcements and any notifications will be subject to the approval of the Resident. All costs not covered by Pay Items will be considered incidental to the Contract.**”.

104.5.5 Prompt Payment of Subcontractors Add the following paragraph to this subsection:

**C. Payment Tracking Federal Projects On federally funded projects, the prime contractor, subcontractors and lower-tier subcontractors will track and confirm the delivery and receipt of all payments through the Elation System. They will be responsible for entering all payments to all sub and lower tier contractors. MaineDOT will run a query monthly to ensure that contractors are complying and generate an e-mail to contractors who have not responded to confirm receipt of MaineDOT payment or contractor payment to lower tier subcontractors.**

## **SECTION 105**

### **GENERAL SCOPE OF WORK**

105.4.5 Special Detours Remove this subsection in its entirety and replace with:

**“105.4.5 Maintenance of Existing Structures When a new Bridge or Minor Span is being installed on a new alignment and the existing structure is to remain in service, the Department will maintain the existing structure and the portions of the roadway required for maintaining traffic until such time that the new structure is opened to traffic and the existing structure is taken out of service. A similar situation exists when a new Bridge or Minor Span is being installed on the same alignment as the existing structure, requiring a temporary detour to be installed by the Contractor per Section 510, Special Detours, prior to removal of the existing structure. In this case, the Department will maintain the existing structure and the portions of the existing roadway required for maintaining traffic until such time that either the temporary detour is opened to traffic or the Contractor begins any work on the existing structure, including, but not limited to, repairs, modifications, moving, demolition or removal. In either case, once the new structure or temporary detour is opened to traffic, or the Contractor begins any work on the existing structure, the Contractor shall be solely responsible for all maintenance of the existing structure and the portions of the existing approaches that lie outside the new roadway or the temporary detour, respectively. This specification is not intended to supersede Standard Specification Section 104.3.11, Responsibility for Property of Others.”**

105.6.2.4 Department Verification Add the following to the end of the first sentence:  
**“or other approved method, such as reference staking, to allow the Department to independently verify the accuracy of the work, as approved by the Department.”**

## **SECTION 106**

### **QUALITY**

106.4.1 General - In the first sentence, remove “When required by Special Provision,” and replace with **“When required elsewhere in the Contract, ”**

## **SECTION 108**

### **PAYMENT**

108.3 Retainage - Remove the paragraph beginning with “ The Contractor may withdraw...” in its entirety.

108.4.1 Price Adjustment for Hot Mix Asphalt:  
Remove this section in its entirety and replace with the following

**For all contracts with hot mix asphalt in excess of 500 tons total, a price adjustment for performance graded binder will be made for the following pay items:**

<b>Item 403.102</b>	<b>Hot Mix Asphalt – Special Areas</b>
<b>Item 403.206</b>	<b>Hot Mix Asphalt - 25 mm</b>

Item 403.207	Hot Mix Asphalt - 19 mm
Item 403.2071	Hot Mix Asphalt - 19 mm (Polymer Modified)
Item 403.2072	Hot Mix Asphalt - 19 mm (Asphalt Rich Base)
Item 403.208	Hot Mix Asphalt - 12.5 mm
Item 403.2081	Hot Mix Asphalt - 12.5 mm (Polymer Modified)
Item 403.209	Hot Mix Asphalt - 9.5 mm (sidewalks, drives, & incidentals)
Item 403.210	Hot Mix Asphalt - 9.5 mm
Item 403.2101	Hot Mix Asphalt - 9.5 mm (Polymer Modified)
Item 403.2102	Hot Mix Asphalt - 9.5 mm (Asphalt Rich Base)
Item 403.2104	Hot Mix Asphalt - 9.5 mm (Thin Lift Surface Treatment)
Item 403.21041	Hot Mix Asphalt - 9.5 mm (Polymer Modified Thin Lift Surface Treatment)
Item 403.211	Hot Mix Asphalt – Shim
Item 403.2111	Hot Mix Asphalt – Shim (Polymer Modified)
Item 403.212	Hot Mix Asphalt - 4.75 mm (Shim)
Item 403.213	Hot Mix Asphalt - 12.5 mm (base and intermediate course)
Item 403.2131	Hot Mix Asphalt - 12.5 mm (base and intermediate course Polymer Modified)
Item 403.2132	Hot Mix Asphalt - 12.5 mm (Asphalt Rich Base and intermediate course)
Item 403.214	Hot Mix Asphalt - 4.75 mm (Surface)
Item 403.235	Hot Mix Asphalt (High Performance Rubberized HMA)
Item 403.301	Hot Mix Asphalt (Asphalt Rubber Gap-Graded)
Item 404.70	Colored Hot Mix Asphalt – 9.5mm (Surface)
Item 404.72	Colored Hot Mix Asphalt – 9.5mm (Islands, sidewalks, & incidentals)
Item 461.13	Light Capital Pavement
Item 462.30	Ultra-Thin Bonded Wearing Course
Item 462.301	Polymer Modified Ultra-Thin Bonded Wearing Course

Price adjustments will be based on the variance in costs for the performance graded binder component of hot mix asphalt. They will be determined as follows:

The quantity of hot mix asphalt for each pay item will be multiplied by the performance graded binder percentages given in the table below times the difference in price between the base price and the period price of asphalt cement. Adjustments will be made upward or downward, as prices increase or decrease.

Item 403.102	–6.2%
Item 403.206	–4.8%
Item 403.207	–5.2%
Item 403.2071	–5.2%
Item 403.2072	–5.8%
Item 403.208	–5.6%
Item 403.2081	–5.6%
Item 403.209	–6.2%
Item 403.210	–6.2%

Item 403.2101–6.2%  
Item 403.2102–6.8%  
Item 403.2104–6.2%  
Item 403.21041–6.2%  
Item 403.211–6.2%  
Item 403.2111–6.2%  
Item 403.212–6.8%  
Item 403.213–5.6%  
Item 403.2131–5.6%  
Item 403.2132–6.2%  
Item 403.214–6.8%  
Item 403.235–5.5%  
Item 403.301–6.2%  
Item 404.70–6.2%  
Item 404.72–6.2%  
Item 461.13–6.5%  
Item 462.30–0.0021 tons/SY  
Item 462.301–0.0021 tons/SY

**Hot Mix Asphalt:** The quantity of hot mix asphalt will be determined from the quantity shown on the progress estimate for each pay period.

**Base Price:** The base price of performance graded binder to be used is the price per standard ton current with the bid opening date. This price is determined by using the average New England Selling Price (Excluding the Connecticut market area), as listed in the Asphalt Weekly Monitor.

**Period Price:** The period price of performance graded binder will be determined by the Department by using the average New England Selling Price (Excluding the Connecticut market area), listed in the Asphalt Weekly Monitor current with the paving date. The maximum Period Price for paving after the adjusted Contract Completion Date will be the Period Price on the adjusted Contract Completion Date.

## **SECTION 109** **CHANGES**

### **109.5.1 Definitions - Types of Delays**

Delete Paragraph 'A' in its entirety and replace with:

**"A. Excusable Delay** Except as expressly provided otherwise by this Contract, an "Excusable Delay" is a Delay to the Critical Path that is directly and solely caused by (1) a weather related Event of such an unusually severe nature that a Federal Emergency Disaster is declared. The Contractor will only be entitled to an adjustment of time if the Project falls within the geographic boundaries prescribed under the disaster declaration. or (2) a flooding event at the effected location of the Project that results in a Q25 headwater elevation, or greater, but less than a Q50 headwater elevation. Theoretical headwater elevations will be determined by the

Department; actual headwater elevations will be determined by the Contractor and verified by the Department or (3) An Uncontrollable Event.”

## **APPENDIX A TO DIVISION 100**

Remove Section D in its entirety as this is now covered in Section 105.10 EQUAL OPPORTUNITY AND CIVIL RIGHTS.

### **SECTION 203** **EXCAVATION AND EMBANKMENT**

#### 203.02 Materials

At the bottom of page 2-12, add as the first item in the list:

**Crushed Stone, ¾ inch      703.13**

#### 203.042 Rock Excavation and Blasting

On page 2-16, add the word “**No**” to the third sentence in Section 5 Submittals, Subsection V, 1 so that it reads:

**“No blasting products will be allowed on the job site if the date codes are missing.”**

### **SECTION 304** **AGGREGATE BASE AND SUBBASE COURSE**

#### 304.02 Aggregate

Remove the sentence “Aggregate for base and subbase courses shall be material meeting the aggregate type requirements specified in the following table” in its entirety and the table that follows it with headings of ‘Material’ and ‘Aggregate Type’.

304.02 – Aggregate Add the following sentence before the sentence starting with “When designated on the plans...”: **“Aggregate Base Course – Type C will be capped with 2” of millings or Untreated Aggregate Surface Course – Type B. Payment for this material will be made under 304.16”**

### **SECTION 307** **FULL DEPTH RECYCLED PAVEMENT**

Remove this Section in its entirety and replace with:

#### **SECTION 307**

**FULL DEPTH RECYCLING  
(UNTREATED OR TREATED WITH EMULSIFIED ASPHALT STABILIZER)**

**307.01 Description** This work shall consist of pulverizing a portion of the existing roadway structure into a homogenous mass, adding an emulsified asphalt stabilizer (if required) to the depth of the pulverized material specified in the contract, placing and compacting this material to the lines, grades, and dimensions shown on the plans or established by the Resident.

**MATERIALS**

**307.02 Pulverized Material** Pulverized material shall consist of the existing asphalt pavement layers and one inch or more as specified of the underlying gravel, pulverized and blended into a homogenous mass. Pulverized material will be processed to 100% passing a 2 inch square mesh sieve.

**307.021 New Aggregate and Additional Recycled Material** New aggregate, if required by the contract, shall meet the requirements of Subsection 703.10 - Aggregate for Untreated Surface Course and Leveling Course, Type A. Aggregate Subbase Course Gravel Type D processed to 100 percent passing a 2 inch square mesh sieve and meeting the requirements of 703.06 – Aggregate for Base and Subbase may be used in areas requiring depths greater than 2 inches. New aggregate, will be measured and paid for under the appropriate item.

Recycled material, if required, shall consist of salvaged asphalt material from the project or from off-site stockpiles that has been processed before use to 100 percent passing a 2 inch square mesh sieve. Recycled material shall be conditionally accepted at the source by the Resident. It shall be free of winter sand, granular fill, construction debris, or other materials not generally considered asphalt pavement.

Recycled material generated and salvaged from the project shall be used within the roadway limits to the extent it is available as described in 307.09. No additional payment will be made for material salvaged from the project.

Recycled material supplied from off-site stockpiles shall be paid for as described in the contract, or by contract modification.

**307.022 Emulsified Asphalt Stabilizer.** If required, the emulsified asphalt stabilizer shall be grade MS-2, MS-4, SS-1, or CSS-1 meeting the requirements of Subsection 702.04 Emulsified Asphalt.

**307.023 Water** Water shall be clean and free from deleterious concentrations of acids, alkalis, salts or other organic or chemical substances.

**307.024 Portland Cement** If required, Portland Cement shall be Type I or II meeting the requirements of AASHTO M85.

**307.025 Hydrated Lime** If required, Hydrated Lime shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M216.

## **EQUIPMENT**

**307.03 Pulverizer** The pulverizer shall be a self-propelled machine, specifically manufactured for full-depth recycling work and capable of reducing the required existing materials to a size that will pass a 2 inch square mesh sieve. The machine shall be equipped with standard automatic depth controls and must maintain a consistent cutting depth and width. The machine also shall be equipped with a gauge to show depth of material being processed.

**307.04 Liquid Mixer Unit or Distributor.** If treatment of the recycled layer with emulsified asphalt is required by the contract, a liquid mixing unit or distributor shall be used to introduce the emulsified asphalt stabilizer into the pulverized material. The mixing unit shall contain a liquid distribution and mixing system which has been specifically manufactured for full-depth recycling work, capable of mixing the pulverized material with an evenly metered distribution of emulsified asphalt into a homogeneous mixture, to the depth and width required.

The mixing unit shall be designed, equipped, maintained, and operated so that emulsified asphalt stabilizer at constant temperature may be applied uniformly on variable widths of pulverized material up to 6 feet at readily determined and controlled rates from 0.01 to 1.06 gal/yd<sup>2</sup> with uniform pressure and with an allowable variation from any specified rate not to exceed 0.01 gal/ yd<sup>2</sup>. Mixing units shall include a tachometer, pressure gages, and accurate volume measuring devices or a calibrated tank and a thermometer for measuring temperatures of tank contents.

**307.041 Cement or Lime Spreader** If required by the contract, spreading of the Portland Cement or Hydrated Lime shall be done with a spreader truck designed to spread dry particulate (such as Portland Cement or Lime) or other approved means to insure a uniform distribution across the roadway and minimize fugitive dust. Pneumatic application, including through a slotted pipe, will not be permitted. Other systems that have been developed include fog systems, vacuum systems, etc. Slurry applications may also be accepted. The Department reserves the right to accept or reject the method of spreading cement. The Contractor shall provide a method for verifying that the correct amount of cement is being applied.

**307.05 Placement Equipment** Placement of the Full Depth recycled material to the required slope and grade shall be done with an approved highway grader or by another method approved by the Resident.

**307.06 Rollers** The full depth recycled material shall be rolled with a vibratory pad foot roller, a vibratory steel drum soil compactor and a pneumatic tire roller. The pad foot roller drum shall have a minimum of 112 tamping feet 3 inches in height, a minimum contact area per foot of 17 inch<sup>2</sup>, and a minimum width of 84 inches. The vibratory steel drum roller shall have a minimum 84 inch width single drum. The pneumatic tire roller

shall meet the requirements of Section 401.10 and the minimum allowable tire pressure shall be 85 psi.

### **MIX DESIGN**

If treatment of the recycled layer with emulsified asphalt is required by the contract, the Department will supply a mix design for the emulsified asphalt stabilized material based on test results from pavement and soil analysis taken to the design depth. The Department will provide the following information prior to construction:

1. Percent of emulsified asphalt to be used.
2. Quantity of lime or cement to be added.
3. Optimum moisture content for proper compaction.
4. Additional aggregate (if required).

After a test strip has been completed or as the work progresses, it may be necessary for the Resident to make necessary adjustments to the mix design. Changes to compensation will be in accordance with the Mix Design Special Provision.

### **CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS**

**307.06 Pulverizing** The entire depth of existing pavement shall be pulverized together with 1 inch or more of the underlying gravel into a homogenous mass. All pulverizing shall be done with equipment that will provide a homogenous mass of pulverized material, processed in-place, which will pass a 2 inch square mesh sieve.

**307.07 Weather Limitations** Full depth recycled work shall be performed when;

- A. Recycling operations will be allowed between May 15<sup>th</sup> and September 15<sup>th</sup> inclusive in Zone 1 - Areas north of US Route 2 from Gilead to Bangor and north of Route 9 from Bangor to Calais.
- B. The atmospheric temperature, as determined by an approved thermometer placed in the shade at the recycling location, is 50°F and rising.
- C. When there is no standing water on the surface.
- D. During generally dry conditions, or when weather conditions are such that proper pulverizing, mixing, grading, finishing and curing can be obtained using proper procedures, and when compaction can be accomplished as determined by the Resident.
- E. When the surface is not frozen and when overnight temperatures are expected to be above 32°F.
- F. Wind conditions are such that the spreading of lime or cement on the roadway ahead of the recycling machine will not adversely affect the operation.

**307.08 Surface Tolerance** The complete surface of the Full Depth Recycled course shall be shaped and maintained to a tolerance, above or below the required cross sectional shape, of 3/8 inch.



**307.09 Full Depth Recycling Procedure** New aggregate or recycled material meeting the requirements of Section 307.021 - New Aggregate and Additional Recycled Material, shall be added as necessary to restore cross-slope and/or grade before pulverizing. Locations will be shown on the plans or described in the construction notes. The Resident may add other locations while construction of the project is in progress. The Contractor will use recycled material to the extent it is available, in lieu of new aggregate. The material shall then be pulverized, processed, and blended into a homogeneous mass passing a 2 inch square mesh sieve. Material found not pulverized down to a 2 inch size will be required to be reprocessed by the recycler with successive passes until approved by the Resident.

Should the Contractor be required to add new aggregate or recycled material to restore cross-slope and/or grade after the initial pulverizing process, those areas will require re-processing to blend into a homogenous mass passing a 2 in square mesh sieve.

Sufficient water shall be added during the recycling process to maintain optimum moisture for compaction.

The resultant material from the initial pulverizing processes shall be graded and compacted to the cross-slope and profile shown on the plans or as directed by the Resident. The Contractor will also be responsible for re-establishing the existing profile grade. The completed surface of the full depth recycled course shall be shaped and maintained to a tolerance, above or below the required cross sectional shape, of  $\frac{3}{8}$  inch. Areas not meeting this tolerance will be repaired as described in Section 307.091. The initial pulverizing process density requirements will be the same as Section 307.101 unless otherwise directed by the Resident.

Additives, if required, shall be introduced following completion of the initial pulverizing and blending process. Emulsified asphalt stabilizer shall be incorporated into the top of the processed material as specified in section 307.04 to the depth specified in the contract by use of the liquid mixer unit or a distributor, at the rate specified in the mix design. The emulsified asphalt shall then be uniformly blended into a homogeneous mass until an apparent uniform distribution has occurred. The rate of application may be adjusted as necessary by the Resident. Cement or lime shall be introduced as described in section 307.041. The resultant material shall be graded and compacted to the cross-slope and profile shown on the plans or as directed by the Resident. The Contractor will also be responsible for re-establishing the existing profile grade.

After final compaction, the roadway surface shall be treated with a light application of water, and rolled with pneumatic-tired rollers to create a close-knit texture. The finished layer shall be free from:

- A. Surface laminations.
- B. Segregation of fine and coarse aggregate.
- C. Corrugations, centerline differential, potholes, or any other defects that may adversely affect the performance of the layer, or any layers to be placed upon it.

The Contractor shall protect and maintain the recycled layer until a lift of pavement is applied. Any damage or defects in the layer shall be repaired immediately. An even and uniform surface shall be maintained. The recycled surface shall be swept prior to hot mix asphalt overlay placement.

**307.091 Repairs** Repairs and maintenance of the recycled layers, resulting from damage caused by traffic, weather or environmental conditions, or resulting from damage caused by the Contractor's operations or equipment, shall be completed at no additional cost to the Department.

For recycled layers stabilized with emulsified asphalt, low areas will be repaired using a hot mix asphalt shim. Areas up to 1 inch high can be repaired by milling or shimming with hot mix asphalt. Areas greater than 1 inch high will be repaired using a hot mix asphalt shim. All repair work will be done with the Resident's approval at the Contractor's expense.

## **TESTING REQUIREMENTS**

**307.10 Quality Control** The Contractor shall operate in accordance with the approved Quality Control Plan (QCP) to assure a product meeting the contract requirements. The QCP shall meet the requirements of Section 106.4 - Quality Control and this Section. The Contractor shall not begin recycling operations until the Department approves the QCP in writing.

Prior to performing any recycling process, the Department and the Contractor shall hold a Pre-recycle conference to discuss the recycling schedule, type and amount of equipment to be used, sequence of operations, and traffic control. A copy of the QC random numbers to be used on the project shall be provided to the Resident. All field supervisors including the responsible onsite recycling process supervisor shall attend this meeting.

The QCP shall address any items that affect the quality of the Recycling Process including, but not limited to, the following:

- A. Sources for all materials, including New Aggregate and Additional Recycled Material.
- B. Make and type of rollers including weight, weight per inch of steel wheels, and average contact pressure for pneumatic tired rollers.
- C. Testing Plan.
- D. Recycling operations including recycling speed, methods to ensure that segregation is minimized, grading and compacting operations.
- E. Methods for protecting the finished product from damage and procedures for any necessary corrective action.
- F. Method of grade checks.
- G. Examples of Quality Control forms.

- H. Name, responsibilities, and qualifications of the Responsible onsite Recycling Supervisor experienced and knowledgeable with the process.
- I. A note that all testing will be done in accordance with AASHTO and MDOT/ACM procedures.

The Project Superintendent shall be named in the QCP, and the responsibilities for successful implementation of the QCP shall be outlined.

The Contractor shall sample, test, and evaluate the full depth reclamation process in accordance with the following minimum frequencies:

**MINIMUM QUALITY CONTROL FREQUENCIES**

Test or Action	Frequency	Test Method
Density	1 per 1000 feet / lane	AASHTO T 310
Air Temperature	4 per day at even intervals	
Surface Temperature	At the beginning and end of each days operation	
Yield of all materials (Daily yield, yield since last test, and total project yield.)	1 per 1000 ft/lane	

The Department may view any QC test and request a QC test at any time. The Contractor shall submit all QC test reports and summaries in writing, signed by the appropriate technician, to the Department's onsite representative by 1:00 P.M. on the next working day, except when otherwise noted in the QCP due to local restrictions. The Contractor shall make all test results, including randomly sampled densities, available to the Department onsite.

The Contractor shall cease recycling operations whenever one of the following occurs:

- A. The Contractor fails to follow the approved QCP.
- B. The Contractor fails to achieve 98 percent density after corrective action has been taken.
- C. The finished product is visually defective, as determined by the Resident.
- D. The computed yield differs from the mix design by 10 percent or more.

Recycling operations shall not resume until the Department approves the corrective action to be taken.

**307.101 Test Strip** The contractor shall assemble all items of equipment for the recycling operation on the first day of the recycling work. The Contractor shall construct a test strip for the project at a location approved by the Resident. The Responsible onsite Recycling Supervisor will work with Department personnel to determine the suitability of the mixed material, moisture control within the mixed material, and compaction and surface finish. The test strip section is required to:

- A. Demonstrate that the equipment and processes can produce recycled layers to meet the requirements specified in these special provisions.
- B. Determine the effect on the gradation of the recycled material by varying the forward speed of the recycling machine and the rotation rate of the milling drum.
- C. Determine the optimum moisture necessary to achieve proper compaction of the recycled layer.
- D. Determine the sequence and manner of rolling necessary to obtain the compaction requirements and establish a target density. The Contractor and the Department will both conduct testing with their respective gauges at this time.

The test strip shall be at least 300 feet in length of a full lane-width (or a half-road width). Full recycling production will not start until a passing test strip has been accomplished. If a test strip fails to meet the requirements of this specification, the Contractor will be required to repair or replace the test strip to the satisfaction of the Resident. Any repairs, replacement, or duplication of the test strip will be at the Contractor's expense.

After the test strip has been pulverized, and the roadway brought to proper shape, the Contractor shall add water until it is determined that optimum moisture has been obtained. The test strip shall then be rolled using the specified compaction equipment as directed until the density readings show an increase in dry density of less than 1 pcf for the final four roller passes of each roller. The Contractor and Department will each determine a target density using their respective gauges by performing several additional density tests and averaging them. The average of these tests will be used as the target density of the recycled material for QC and Acceptance purposes.

Following completion of the test strip, compaction of the material shall continue until a density of not less than 98 percent of the test strip target density has been achieved for the full width and depth of the layer. During the construction and compaction of the Full Depth Recycled base, should three consecutive Acceptance test results for density fail to meet a minimum of 95 percent of the target density, or exceed 102 percent of target density, a new test strip shall be constructed.

#### ACCEPTANCE TEST FREQUENCY

Property	Frequency	Test Method
In-place Density	1 per 2000 ft / lane	AASHTO T 310

**308.102 Curing.** No new pavement shall be placed on the full depth recycled pavement until curing has reduced the moisture content to 1 percent or less by total weight of the mixture, or a curing period of 4 days has elapsed, whichever comes first.

**307.11 Method of Measurement** Full Depth Recycled Pavement (Untreated or Treated with Emulsified Asphalt Stabilizer) will be measured by the square yard.

**307.12 Basis of Payment** The accepted quantity of Full Depth Recycled Asphalt Pavement (Untreated or Treated with Emulsified Asphalt Stabilizer) will be paid for at the contract unit price per square yard, complete in-place which price will be full

compensation for furnishing all equipment, materials and labor for pulverizing, blending, placing, grading, compacting, and for all incidentals necessary to complete the work.

The addition of materials to restore profile grade and/or cross-slope in areas shown on the plans or described in the construction notes will be paid separately under designated pay items within the contract. No additional payment will be made for materials salvaged from the project.

Payments will be made under:

<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
307.331 Full Depth Recycled Pavement (Untreated) Yard	Square
307.332 Full Depth Recycled Pavement (with Emulsified Asphalt Stabilizer) 5 in. depth Yard	Square
307.333 Full Depth Recycled Pavement (with Emulsified Asphalt Stabilizer) 6 in. depth Yard	Square

## **SECTION 411**

### **UNTREATED AGGRAGATE SURFACE COURSE**

411.02 – Aggregate Add the following to the end of the first sentence: “- Type A”

## **SECTION 501**

### **FOUNDATION PILES**

501.05 – Method of Measurement

- b. Piles Furnished – After the second sentence, add the sentence “**Measurement will not include any pile tips**”.
- c. Piles in Place – Add the sentence to the end of the second paragraph, “**Measurement will include the pile tips**”.
- d. Pile Tips – Add the words “**on the Pile**” to the end of the sentence.

## **SECTION 502**

### **STRUCTURAL CONCRETE**

502.05 Composition and Proportioning

Replace Table 1 with

TABLE 1

Concrete CLASS	Minimum Compressive Strength (PSI)	Permeability as indicated by Surface Resistivity (KOhm-cm)	Entrained Air (%)		Notes
		LSL	LSL	USL	
S	3,000	N/A	N/A	N/A	4,5
A	4,000	14	6.0	9.0	1,4,5
P	-----	-----	5.5	7.5	1,2,3,4
LP	5,000	17	6.0	9.0	1,4,5
Fill	3,000	N/A	6.0	9.0	4,5

In the list of information submitted by the contractor for a mix design:

Item J Replace “Target Coulomb Value.” with “Target KOhm-cm Value.”

**Note #1** - Remove, “...**Standard Specification Section 711.05, Protective Coating for Concrete Surfaces, and per the manufacturer’s recommendations, at no additional cost to the Department.**” and replace with, “...**Standard Specification Section 515, Protective Coating for Concrete Surfaces, at no additional cost to the Department.**”

**502.1703 Acceptance Methods A and B**

In the paragraph that starts with “The Department will take Acceptance...” Remove the word chloride from chloride permeability in the last sentence.

Replace the paragraph starting with “Rapid Chloride Permeability specimens...” With the following:

“Surface Resistivity specimens will be tested by the Department in accordance with AASHTO TP-95 at an age  $\geq$  56 days. Four 4 inch x 8 inch cylinders will be cast per subplot placed. The average of three concrete specimens per subplot will constitute a test result and this average will be used to determine the permeability for pay adjustment computations.”

**502.1706 Acceptance Method C**

Remove in its entirety and Replace with:

**502.1706 Acceptance Method C** The Department will determine the acceptability of the concrete through Acceptance testing. Acceptance tests will include compressive strength, air content and permeability. Method C concrete not meeting the requirements listed in Table 1 shall be removed and replaced at no cost to the Department. At the Department’s sole discretion, material not meeting requirements may be left in place and paid for at a reduced price as described in Section 502.195.

**502.1707 Resolution of Disputed Acceptance Test Results**

Section B

Remove “Rapid Chloride” from the section heading.  
In paragraph 4 replace T-277 with TP-95

502.192 Pay Adjustment for Chloride Permeability

Remove “Chloride” from the heading and from the first sentence.

Replace the sentence that starts with “values greater than...” and replace with “values less than 10 KOhms-cm for Class A concrete or 11 KOhms-cm for Class LP concrete shall be subject to rejection and replacement, at no additional cost to the Department.”

502.194 Pay Adjustments for Compressive Strength, Chloride Permeability and Air Content, Methods A and B

Remove the word “Chloride” from the section heading and from the equation for CPF.

502.195 Pay Adjustment Method C

In Table 6: Method C Pay Reductions (page 5-53)  
Under “Entrained Air” for “Class Fill”, in the first line,  
change from “< 4.0 (Removal)” to “< **4.5 (Removal)**”

In Table 6: Method C PAY REDUCTIONS, revise the Chloride Permeability section by removing it in its entirety and replacing it with:

Surface Resistivity {Permeability in Kohm-cms and Pay Reduction per CY}			
15-16 (\$50)	13 (\$25)	N/A	N/A
13-14 (\$75)	12(\$50)	N/A	N/A
12 (\$100)	11 (\$75)	N/A	N/A
11 (\$125)	10 (\$100)	N/A	N/A
< 11 (Removal)	< 10 (Removal)	N/A	N/A

**SECTION 504**  
**STRUCTURAL STEEL**

504.26 Welding Remove the second paragraph beginning with “The range of heat...” in its entirety.

504.29 Welding ASTM A 709 HPS 70W Steel. Remove the third paragraph beginning with “Make Weld runoff tabs...” in its entirety.

## **SECTION 527**

### **ENERGY ABSORBING UNIT**

527.02 Materials This section is revised to read as follows.

527.02 Materials Work Zone Crash Cushions must comply with NCHRP Report 350. Work Zone Crash Cushions shall be selected from MaineDOT’s Qualified Products List of Crash Cushions / Impact Attenuators, or an approved equal.

#### **Acceptance Testing of Precast/Prestressed Concrete**

**Suggested Revisions to the Standard Specification to Require Acceptance Testing to be done by Representatives of the MaineDOT**

## **SECTION 534**

### **PRECAST STRUCTURAL CONCRETE**

534.14 Process Control Test Cylinders

Revise this subsection to read:

**“534.14 Acceptance and Quality Control Testing of Concrete Refer to Section 712.061.”**

## **SECTION 535**

### **PRECAST, PRESTRESSED CONCRETE SUPERSTRUCTURE**

Section 535.08 – Quality Assurance

Revise the second paragraph to read:

**“The QAI will perform acceptance sampling and testing and will witness or review documentation, workmanship and testing to assure the Work is being performed in accordance with the Contract Documents.”**

Section 535.15 - Process Control Test Cylinders

Revise the first paragraph to read:

**“535.15 Acceptance and Quality Control Testing of Concrete Acceptance of structural precast/prestressed units, for each day’s production, will be determined by the Department, based on compliance with this specification and satisfactory concrete testing results. At least once per week, the QAI will make 2 concrete cylinders (6 cylinders when the Contract includes permeability requirements) for use by the Department; cylinders shall be standard cured in accordance with AASHTO T23 (ASTM C31). The QAI will perform entrained air content and slump flow testing, determine water-cement ratio and determine temperature of the sampled concrete at the time of cylinder casting. All**



testing equipment required by the QAI to perform this testing shall be provided in accordance with Standard Specification Section 502.041, Testing Equipment. In addition, the Contractor shall provide a slump cone meeting the requirements of AASHTO T 119. Providing and maintaining testing and curing equipment shall be considered incidental to the work and no additional payment will be made.”

Insert the following as the second paragraph of Section 535.15:

“Quality Control concrete test cylinders shall be made for each day’s cast and each form bed used. Cylinders tested to determine strand release strength and design strength shall be field cured in accordance with AASHTO T23 (ASTM C31). 28 day cylinders shall be standard cured. Record unit identification, entrained air content, water-cement ratio, slump flow and temperature of the sampled concrete at the time of cylinder casting.”

## **SECTION 604**

### **MANHOLES, INLETS CATCH BASINS**

#### 604.04 Adjusting Catch Basins and Manholes,

Add the following paragraph to the end of 604.04 b:

The Department will allow the use of metal ring inserts set into the manhole top frame or composite risers placed beneath the manhole frame to adjust manhole slope and grade for paving projects. The use of metal ring inserts shall be in accordance with 604.04 d. Ring Insert Requirements. The use of composite risers shall be in accordance with 604.04 e. Composite Riser Requirements.

Add the following paragraph after the first paragraph of 604.04 c:

The Department will allow the use of metal ring inserts set into the manhole top frame or composite risers placed beneath the manhole frame to adjust manhole slope and grade for paving projects. The use of metal ring inserts shall be in accordance with 604.04 d. Ring Insert Requirements. The use of composite risers shall be in accordance with 604.04 e. Composite Riser Requirements.

Add the following sections to 604.04:

**d. Ring Insert Requirements** Ring inserts to adjust manhole top frame slope and grade will be allowed in accordance with the following requirements:

#### **1) Materials**

- i. All ring inserts must be made of iron. *Multiple ring inserts will not be allowed.* The single ring insert may be any height up to a maximum of 2 inches tall.
- ii. Ring inserts shall not be welded to the manhole frame to prevent brittle failure of the cast iron frame.
- iii. Ring inserts shall be fastened to the manhole frame using liquid steel-filled epoxy such as Loctite Fixmaster Steel Liquid or equivalent. The epoxy shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

**2) Where Ring Inserts May/May Not Be Used**

- i. MaineDOT will allow the use of a single manhole ring insert to raise manholes on state and state-aid highways.
- ii. *Manhole ring inserts may not be used along state and state-aid highway sections where the speed limit is 40 miles per hour or more.* The standard brick and mortar or flat composite risers beneath the manhole frame must be used at these locations.

**3) Construction Requirements For The Use of Iron Manhole Ring Inserts**

- i. Wherever iron ring inserts are used to raise manhole top elevations, the rings shall be fastened to the existing manhole frame using liquid steel-filled epoxy. The liquid steel-filled epoxy shall be placed evenly around the entire manhole frame before placing the ring insert. *Unbonded ring inserts will not be allowed.* If the manufacturer's recommended construction practices result in loose or unacceptable manhole cover restraint, standard brick and mortar or flat composite risers beneath the manhole frame must be used at these locations.

**e. Composite Riser Requirements** Flat or beveled, doughnut-shaped, composite risers placed beneath the manhole frame to adjust slope and grade are allowed. The composite riser shall be fastened to both the top of the concrete cone and bottom of the manhole frame with the manufacturer's recommended epoxy. Composite risers may be used at all locations on state and state-aid highways under any legal speed limit without restriction.

**SECTION 606**  
**GUARDRAIL**

**606.09 Basis of Payment** Amend the first sentence of the eighth paragraph of this subsection by removing the word "meter" and replace it with "linear foot".

**SECTION 619**

## **MULCH**

### 619.07 Basis of Payment

In the list of Pay Items add “**619.12 Mulch**” with a Pay Unit of “ **Unit** ”.

Change the description of 619.1201 from “Mulch” to “**Mulch – Plan Quantity**”

In the list of Pay Items add “**619.13 Bark Mulch**” with a Pay Unit of “ **CY** ”.

Change the description of 619.1301 from “Bark Mulch” to “**Mulch – Plan Quantity**”

In the list of Pay Items add “**619.14 Erosion Control Mix**” with a Pay Unit of “ **CY** ”.

Change the description of 619.1401 from “Erosion Control Mix” to “**Mulch – Plan Quantity**”

## **SECTION 621** **LANDSCAPING**

### 621.0002 Materials - General

In the list of items change “Organic Humus” to “**Humus**”.

### 621.0019 Plant Pits and Beds

c Class A Planting

In the third paragraph beginning with “ The plant pit...” change “½ inch” to “**1 inch**”

## **SECTION 626** **FOUNDATIONS, CONDUIT AND JUNCTION BOXES FOR HIGHWAY SIGNING, LIGHTING AND SIGNALS**

626.033 Polyvinylchloride Conduit Installation Amend the following subsection by adding the following paragraph to its end:

### “NON-METALLIC UNDER PAVEMENT CONDUIT INSTALLATION

**Where noted on the drawings, non-metallic under pavement conduit of schedule 80 or greater rating shall be provided to facilitate conduit crossing of the existing highway and ramps without disruption to the existing highway and ramp pavement surface. The non-metallic under pavement conduit shall be hydraulically jacked or directional bored below the highway and ramp at a depth of not less than (36 inches). Under pavement conduit shall extend for a distance of (10 feet) beyond the highway or ramp edge at each side.”**

### 626.034 Concrete Foundations

On Page 6-85, add the following paragraph before the paragraph beginning with “Drilled shafts shall not be...”.

**“ No foundation design will be required for 18- and 24-inch diameter foundations for structures less than 30-feet tall and with no projecting arms. A foundation design prepared by a Professional Engineer licensed in accordance with the laws of the State of Maine will be required for all other foundations. Precast foundations will be permitted for**

**18 and 24-inch diameter foundations for structures less than 30-feet tall and with no projecting arms. Where precast foundations are permitted flowable concrete fill shall be used as backfill in the annular space, and placed from the bottom up. Construction of precast foundations shall conform to the Standard Details and all requirements of Section 712.061 except that the concrete shall have a minimum permeability of 17 kOhm-cm and the use of calcium nitrite will not be required. “**

On Page 6-86, add the following to the paragraph beginning with “Concrete for drilled shafts...” so that it reads as follows:

“....The Contractor shall provide temporary dewatering of excavations for foundations such that concrete is placed in the dry. **Concrete for drilled shafts shall be placed in accordance with Section 502.10 as temporary casing is withdrawn to prevent debris from contaminating the foundation and to ensure concrete is cast against the surrounding soil. Concrete for drilled shafts and spread footings shall be Class A in accordance with Section 502 - Structural Concrete. Precast foundations will not be permitted except as specified above in this Section.** Backfill for spread footing foundations shall be Gravel Borrow meeting the requirements of Section 703.20 - Gravel Borrow.....”

626.05 Basis of Payment Amend this subsection by adding the following paragraph and Pay Item:

**“Payment will be made for the total number of (linear feet) of under pavement conduit actually furnished, installed and accepted at the contract price per (linear foot). This price shall include the cost of: furnishing and installing the conduit; excavating; furnishing special backfilling materials, pull wire, fittings, grounding and bonding; test cleaning interiors of conduits and all materials, labor, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete the work.”**

<b>Pay Item</b>	<b>Pay Unit</b>
626.251 Non-Metallic Under pavement Conduit (Schedule 80 or greater rating)	(Linear Foot)

## **SECTION 627**

### **PAVEMENT MARKINGS**

627.10 Basis of Payment Remove the existing “627.78 Temporary Pavement Marking Line, White or Yellow” and replace with: **627.78 TEMP 4" PAINT PVMT MARK LINE W  
OR Y LF**

## **SECTION 652**

## **MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC**

652.3 Submittal of Traffic Control Plan On page 6-148, note **f**, in the last sentence revise the “105.2.2” to “105.2.3” so that the last sentence reads, “**For a related provision, see Section 105.2.3 – Project Specific Emergency Planning.**”.

652.3.4 General Revise the eighth paragraph by removing “Earth Berm” and replace it with “**Concrete Barrier**”.

652.4 Flaggers In the first paragraph, revise the fifth sentence which says:

For nighttime conditions, Class 3 apparel, meeting ANSI 107-2004, shall be worn along with a hardhat with 360° retro-reflectivity.

So that it reads:

**For nighttime conditions, Class 3 apparel, meeting ANSI 107-2004, including a Class 3 top (vest, shirt or jacket) and a Class E bottom (pants or coveralls), shall be worn along with a hardhat with 360 ° retro-reflectivity.**

### 652.41 TRAFFIC OFFICERS

Revise this subsection so that the subsection number and title is  
“**652.4.1 TRAFFIC OFFICERS**”

## **SECTION 656**

### **TEMPORARY SOIL EROSION AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL**

656.5.2 If No Pay Item Add the following to the end of the first paragraph:

**“Failure by the Contractor to follow Standard Specification or Special Provision - Section 656 will result in a violation letter and a reduction in payment as shown in the schedule list in 656.5.1. The Department’s Resident or any other representative of The Department reserves the right to suspend the work at any time and request a meeting to discuss violations and remedies. The Department shall not be held responsible for any delay in the work due to any suspension under this item.”**

## **SECTION 660**

### **ON-THE-JOB TRAINING**

#### 660.06 Method of Measurement

Remove the first sentence in its entirety and replace with “ **The OJT item will be measured by the number of OJT hours by a trainee who has successfully completed an approved training program.**”

660.07 Basis of payment to the Contractor

Remove the last word in the first sentence so that the first sentence reads “ The OJT shall be paid for once successfully completed at the contract unit price per **hour**.”

Payment will be made under

Change the Pay Item from “660.22” to “**660.21**” and change the Pay Unit from “Each” to “**Hour**”.

**SECTION 674**  
**PREFABRICATED CONCRETE MODULAR GRAVITY WALL**

674.02 Materials

Amend this section by adding the following after “Concrete Units:” and before the paragraph beginning with “Tolerances”.

**Concrete shall be Class P. The concrete shall contain a minimum of 5.5 gallons per cubic yard of calcium nitrite solution.**

**The minimum permeability of the concrete as indicated by Surface Resistivity shall be 17 KOhm-cm.**

**Defects Defects which may cause rejection of precast units include, but are not limited to, the following:**

**Any discontinuity (crack, rock pocket, etc.) of the concrete which could allow moisture to reach the reinforcing steel.**

**Rock pockets or honeycomb over 6 square inches in area or over 1 inch deep.**

**Edge or corner breakage exceeding 12 inches in length or 1 inch in depth.**

**Any other defect that clearly and substantially impacts the quality, durability, or maintainability of the structure, as determined by the Fabrication Engineer.**

**Repair honeycombing, ragged or irregular edges and other non-structural or cosmetic defects using a patching material from the MaineDOT Qualified Products List (QPL). The repair, including preparation of the repair area, mixing and application and curing of the patching material, shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's product data sheet. Corners that are not exposed in the final product may be ground smooth with no further repair necessary if the depth of the defect does not exceed 1/2 inch. Remove form ties and other hardware to a depth of not less than 1 inch from the face of the concrete and patch the holes using a patching material from the MaineDOT QPL.**

**Repair structural defects only with the approval of the Fabrication Engineer. Submit a nonconformance report (NCR) to the Fabrication Engineer with a proposed repair procedure. Do not perform structural repairs without an NCR that has been reviewed by the Fabrication Engineer. Structural defects include, but are not be limited to, exposed reinforcing steel or strand, cracks in bearing areas, through cracks and cracks 0.013 inch**

in width that extend more than 12 inches in length in any direction. Give the QAI adequate notice prior to beginning any structural repairs.

## **SECTION 677**

On page 6 - 203 change “636.041” to “677.041”

## **SECTION 703** **AGGREGATES**

### **703.0201 Alkali Silica Reactive Aggregates**

Remove this section in its entirety and replace with the following:

**703.0201 Alkali Silica Reactive Aggregates.** All coarse and fine aggregates proposed for use in concrete shall be tested for Alkali Silica Reactivity (ASR) potential under AASHTO T 303 (ASTM C 1260), Accelerated Detection of Potentially Deleterious Expansion of Mortar Bars Due to Alkali-Silica Reaction, prior to being accepted for use. Acceptance will be based on testing performed by an accredited independent lab submitted to the Department. Aggregate submittals will be required on a 5-year cycle, unless the source or character of the aggregate in question has changed within 5 years from the last test date.

As per AASHTO T 303 (ASTM C 1260): Use of a particular coarse or fine aggregate will be allowed with no restrictions when the mortar bars made with this aggregate expand less than or equal to 0.10 percent at 30 days from casting. Use of a particular coarse or fine aggregate will be classified as potentially reactive when the mortar bars made with this aggregate expand greater than 0.10 percent at 30 days from casting. Use of this aggregate will only be allowed with the use of cement-pozzolan blends and/or chemical admixtures that result in mortar bar expansion of less than 0.10 percent at 30 days from casting as tested under ASTM C 1567.

Acceptable pozzolans and chemical admixtures that may be used when an aggregate is classified as potentially reactive include, but are not limited to the following:

Class F Coal Fly Ash meeting the requirements of AASHTO M 295.

Ground Granulated Blast Furnace Slag (Grade 100 or 120) meeting the requirements of AASHTO M 302.

Densified Silica Fume meeting the requirements of AASHTO M 307.

Lithium based admixtures

Metakaolin

**Pozzolans or chemical admixtures required to offset the effects of potentially reactive aggregates will be incorporated into the concrete at no additional cost to the Department.**

703.06 Aggregate for Base and Subbase - Remove the first two paragraphs in their entirety and replace with these:

**“The following shall apply to Sections (a.) and (c.) below. The material shall have a Micro-Deval value of 25.0 or less as determined by AASHTO T 327. If the Micro-Deval value exceeds 25.0, the Washington State Degradation DOT Test Method T113, Method of Test for Determination of Degradation Value (January 2009 version) shall be performed, except that the test shall be performed on the portion of the sample that passes the ½ in sieve and is retained on the No. 10 sieve. If the material has a Washington Degradation value of less than 15, the material shall be rejected.**

**The material used in Section (b.) below shall have a Micro-Deval value of 25.0 or less as determined by AASHTO T 327. If the Micro-Deval value exceeds 25.0 the material may be used if it does not exceed 25 percent loss on AASHTO T 96, Resistance to Degradation of Small-Size Coarse Aggregate by Abrasion and Impact in the Los Angeles Machine. “**

703.19 Granular Borrow

Remove the gradation requirements table, and replace with the following:

Sieve Designation	Percentage by Weight Passing Square Mesh Sieves	
	Material for Underwater Backfill	Material for Embankment Construction
6 inch	100	
No. 40	0-70	0-70
No. 200	0-7.0	0-20.0

703.33 Stone Ballast - In the third paragraph, remove the words “ less than” before 2.60 and add the words “**or greater**” after 2.60.

## **SECTION 712**

### **MISCELLANEOUS HIGHWAY MATERIAL**

Section 712.061- Structural Precast Concrete Units

Under the heading, Quality Control and Quality Assurance, revise the fourth paragraph to read:

**“Acceptance is the prerogative of the Department. The Department will conduct Quality Assurance (QA) in accordance with Standard Specification Subsection 106.5. Testing deemed necessary by the Department that is in addition to the minimum testing**



requirements will be scheduled to minimize interference with the production schedule. The QAI will perform acceptance sampling and testing and will witness or review documentation, workmanship and testing to assure the Work is being performed in accordance with the Contract Documents.”

Under the heading, Concrete Testing, revise the first paragraph to read as the following two paragraphs:

**“Concrete Testing** Acceptance of structural precast units, for each day’s production, will be determined by the Department, based on compliance with this specification and satisfactory concrete testing results. At least once per week, the QAI will make 2 concrete cylinders (6 cylinders when the Contract includes permeability requirements) for use by the Department; cylinders shall be standard cured in accordance with AASHTO T23 (ASTM C31). The QAI will perform entrained air content and slump flow testing, determine water-cement ratio and determine temperature of the sampled concrete at the time of cylinder casting. All testing equipment required by the QAI to perform this testing shall be in accordance with Standard Specification Section 502.041, Testing Equipment. In addition, the Contractor shall provide a slump cone meeting the requirements of AASHTO T 119. Providing and maintaining testing and curing equipment shall be considered incidental to the work and no additional payment will be made.

Quality Control test cylinders shall be made and tested in accordance with the following standards:

AASHTO T 22 (ASTM C39) Test Method for Compressive Strength of  
Cylindrical Concrete Specimens  
AASHTO T23 (ASTM C31) Practice for Making and Curing Concrete Test  
Specimens in Field  
AASHTO T141 (ASTM C172) Practice for Sampling Freshly Mixed Concrete  
AASHTO T152 (ASTM C231) Test Method for Air Content of Freshly Mixed  
Concrete by the Pressure Method  
AASHTO T196 (ASTM C173) Standard Test Method for Air Content of Freshly  
Mixed Concrete by the Volumetric Method  
ASTM C1064 Test Method for Temperature of Freshly mixed Portland Cement  
Concrete  
ASTM C1611 Standard Test Method for Slump Flow of Self-Consolidating  
Concrete”

Under the heading, Concrete Testing, delete the paragraph that begins:

“At least once per week, the Contractor shall make 2 concrete cylinders.....for use by the Department.....”

## **SECTION 717**

### **ROADSIDE IMPROVEMENT MATERIAL**

717.02 Agricultural Ground Limestone

In the table after the third paragraph which starts with “Liquid lime...” change the Specification for Nitrogen (N) from “15.5 percent of which 1% is from ammoniac nitrogen and 14.5 /5 is from Nitrate Nitrogen” to read “**15.5 % of which 1% is from Ammoniacal Nitrogen and 14.5 % is from Nitrate Nitrogen**”